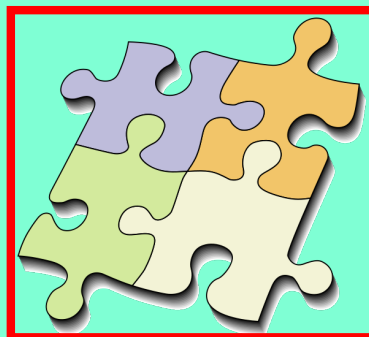


Math 107

Fall 2017

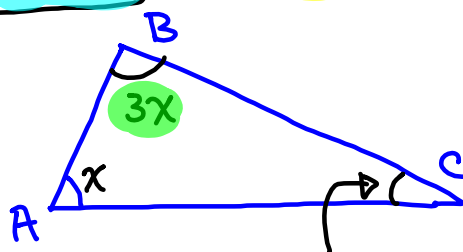
Lecture 9



In triangle ABC, Angle B is 3 times angle A.

Angle C is  $20^\circ$  more than the sum of angles A and B.

Find all three angles.



$$\boxed{A} + \boxed{B} + \boxed{C} = 180^\circ$$

$$\boxed{x} + \boxed{3x} + \boxed{4x + 20} = 180$$

$$8x + 20 = 180$$

$$8x = 180 - 20$$

$$8x = 160$$

$$x = \frac{160}{8}$$

$$\boxed{x=20}$$

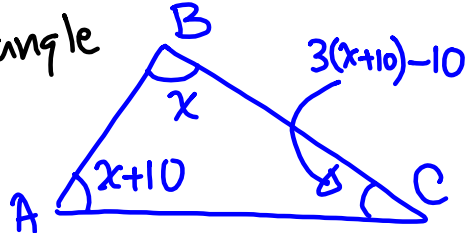
$20^\circ, 60^\circ, 100^\circ$

In triangle ABC,

angle A is  $10^\circ$  more than angle B.

Angle C is  $10^\circ$  less than 3 times angle A.

1) Draw & label such triangle



2) find all three angles.

$$\boxed{A} + \boxed{B} + \boxed{C} = 180^\circ$$

$$\boxed{x+10} + \boxed{x} + \boxed{3(x+10)-10} = 180^\circ$$

$$\cancel{x+10} + x + 3x + \cancel{30-10} = 180$$

$$5x + 30 = 180$$

$$5x = 180 - 30$$

$$5x = 150$$

$$\boxed{x=30}$$

$$\boxed{30^\circ, 40^\circ, 110^\circ}$$

Two angles are Complementary.  $\text{Sum} = 90^\circ$

One of them is twice the other one.

Find both angles.

Angle	Complement
$x$	$90 - x$

$$x = 2(90 - x)$$

$$x = 180 - 2x$$

$$x + 2x = 180$$

$$3x = 180$$

$$\boxed{x=60}$$

$$60^\circ \text{ \& } 30^\circ$$

$$90 - x = 2x$$

$$90 = 2x + x$$

$$90 = 3x$$

$$\frac{90}{3} = x$$

$$30 = x$$

$$30^\circ \text{ \& } 60^\circ$$

Two angles are complementary.  $\text{Sum} = 90^\circ$

The sum of 3 times one of them  
and 4 times the other one is  $345^\circ$

Find both angles.

Angle	Comp.
$x$	$90 - x$

$$3x + 4(90 - x) = 345$$

$$3x + 360 - 4x = 345$$

$$-x + 360 = 345$$

$$-x = 345 - 360$$

$$-x = -15$$

$$x = 15$$

$$15^\circ \text{ \& } 75^\circ$$

Find two complementary angles such that the difference of 5 times one of them and twice the other one is  $310^\circ$ .

Two comp. angles  $\Rightarrow x \text{ \& } 90 - x$

$$5x - 2(90 - x) = 310$$

$$5x - 180 + 2x = 310$$

$$7x = 310 + 180$$

$$7x = 490$$

$$x = 70$$

$$70^\circ \text{ \& } 20^\circ$$

Find two supplementary angles such that one of them is  $20^\circ$  more than the other one.

Angle      other angle

$$x = 180 - x + 20$$

$$x = 180 - x + 20$$

$$x + x = 200$$

$$2x = 200$$

$$x = 100$$

Angle | Supplement

$x$  |  $180 - x$

$$100^\circ \text{ \& } 80^\circ$$

Find two supplementary angles such that the difference of 4 times one of them and the other one is  $195^\circ$ .

Two supplementary angles  $\Rightarrow x \text{ \& } 180 - x$

$$4x - (180 - x) = 195$$

$$5x = 375$$

$$x = 75$$

$$4x - 180 + x = 195$$

$$5x - 180 = 195$$

$$5x = 195 + 180$$

$$75^\circ \text{ \& } 105^\circ$$

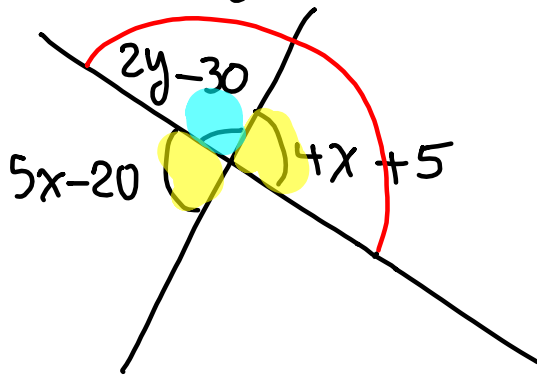
Difference of  $\boxed{A}$  and  $\boxed{B}$   $A - B$

Difference of (4 times one of them) and the other one

$$4x - (180 - x) = 195$$

4 times the difference  $4( - )$

Find  $x$  &  $y$ :



$$5x - 20 = 4x + 5$$

Vertical angles  
are equal.

$$5x - 4x = 5 + 20$$

$$\boxed{x = 25}$$

Adjacent angles have a sum of  $180^\circ$ .

$$2y - 30 + 4x + 5 = 180^\circ$$

$$2y - 30 + 4(25) + 5 = 180$$

$$2y - 30 + 100 + 5 = 180$$

$$2y + 75 = 180$$

$$2y = 180 - 75$$

$$\boxed{y = 52.5} \quad 2y = 105$$